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KEY=ETHNICITY - CAROLYN MCMAHON

UNEQUAL TREATMENT:

CONFRONTING RACIAL AND ETHNIC DISPARITIES IN HEALTH CARE (WITH CD)

National Academies Press Racial and ethnic disparities in health care are known to reflect access to care and other issues that arise from differing socioeconomic conditions. There is, however, increasing evidence that even after such differences are accounted for, race and ethnicity remain significant predictors of the quality of health care received. In *Unequal Treatment*, a panel of experts documents this evidence and explores how persons of color experience the health care environment. The book examines how disparities in treatment may arise in health care systems and looks at aspects of the clinical encounter that may contribute to such disparities. Patients' and providers' attitudes, expectations, and behavior are analyzed. How to intervene? *Unequal Treatment* offers recommendations for improvements in medical care financing, allocation of care, availability of language translation, community-based care, and other arenas. The committee highlights the potential of cross-cultural education to improve provider-patient communication and offers a detailed look at how to integrate cross-cultural learning within the health professions. The book concludes with recommendations for data collection and research initiatives. *Unequal Treatment* will be vitally important to health care policymakers, administrators, providers, educators, and students as well as advocates for people of color.

ETHNICITY, HEALTH AND PRIMARY CARE

OUP Oxford This new book offers a broad but concise and practical introduction to ethnicity and health care for a wide range of health professionals. It will enable busy practitioners and students to grasp the essentials quickly and easily so they can develop an effective

approach to ethnic diversity in health care. Although focusing on primary care, the book's general principles and its clinical coverage mean it will be relevant to other health and social care practitioners, in addition to those developing and commissioning health services.

UNDERSTANDING RACIAL AND ETHNIC DIFFERENCES IN HEALTH IN LATE LIFE

A RESEARCH AGENDA

National Academies Press As the population of older Americans grows, it is becoming more racially and ethnically diverse. Differences in health by racial and ethnic status could be increasingly consequential for health policy and programs. Such differences are not simply a matter of education or ability to pay for health care. For instance, Asian Americans and Hispanics appear to be in better health, on a number of indicators, than White Americans, despite, on average, lower socioeconomic status. The reasons are complex, including possible roles for such factors as selective migration, risk behaviors, exposure to various stressors, patient attitudes, and geographic variation in health care. This volume, produced by a multidisciplinary panel, considers such possible explanations for racial and ethnic health differentials within an integrated framework. It provides a concise summary of available research and lays out a research agenda to address the many uncertainties in current knowledge. It recommends, for instance, looking at health differentials across the life course and deciphering the links between factors presumably producing differentials and biopsychosocial mechanisms that lead to impaired health.

ETHNICITY AND HEALTHCARE PRACTICE

A GUIDE FOR THE PRIMARY CARE TEAM

Concise overview of the key issues in understanding the relationships between ethnicity and health. Includes practical suggestions and resources for primary health providers. Each chapter includes a brief overview, examples of good practice and a resources section. Description This book provides a social perspective on illness within different ethnic groups with practical suggestions for primary health providers on a wide range of issues such as how to deal with communication and language barriers with minority ethnic communities. It explores different cultural perspectives of medical care including complementary and Chinese medicine and considers the ethical dilemmas relating to contemporary medical advances. It also discusses mental health issues as well as needs of refugees and asylum seekers. Each chapter provides a brief overview, examples of good practice, key point boxes and a resources section Author information Dr Lorraine Culley is Professor of Social Science and Health and Associate Director of the Mary Seacole

Centre for Health Research at De Montfort University, Leicester. She is the Knowledge-Share Editor for the Journal of Diversity in Health and Care. Dr Simon Dyson is a Professor of Applied Social Sciences and Director of the Unit for the Social Study of Thalassaemia and Sickle Cell at De Montfort University, Leicester.

COMMUNITIES IN ACTION

PATHWAYS TO HEALTH EQUITY

National Academies Press In the United States, some populations suffer from far greater disparities in health than others. Those disparities are caused not only by fundamental differences in health status across segments of the population, but also because of inequities in factors that impact health status, so-called determinants of health. Only part of an individual's health status depends on his or her behavior and choice; community-wide problems like poverty, unemployment, poor education, inadequate housing, poor public transportation, interpersonal violence, and decaying neighborhoods also contribute to health inequities, as well as the historic and ongoing interplay of structures, policies, and norms that shape lives. When these factors are not optimal in a community, it does not mean they are intractable: such inequities can be mitigated by social policies that can shape health in powerful ways. *Communities in Action: Pathways to Health Equity* seeks to delineate the causes of and the solutions to health inequities in the United States. This report focuses on what communities can do to promote health equity, what actions are needed by the many and varied stakeholders that are part of communities or support them, as well as the root causes and structural barriers that need to be overcome.

IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF BLACK AND MINORITY ETHNIC GROUPS

A GUIDE FOR PRIMARY CARE ORGANISATIONS

RACE, ETHNICITY, AND LANGUAGE DATA

STANDARDIZATION FOR HEALTH CARE QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

National Academies Press The goal of eliminating disparities in health care in the United States remains elusive. Even as quality improves on specific measures, disparities often persist. Addressing these disparities must begin with the fundamental step of bringing the nature of the disparities and the groups at risk for those disparities to light by collecting health care quality information

stratified by race, ethnicity and language data. Then attention can be focused on where interventions might be best applied, and on planning and evaluating those efforts to inform the development of policy and the application of resources. A lack of standardization of categories for race, ethnicity, and language data has been suggested as one obstacle to achieving more widespread collection and utilization of these data. Race, Ethnicity, and Language Data identifies current models for collecting and coding race, ethnicity, and language data; reviews challenges involved in obtaining these data, and makes recommendations for a nationally standardized approach for use in health care quality improvement.

IMPROVING RACIAL AND ETHNIC DATA ON HEALTH

REPORT OF A WORKSHOP

National Academies Press The panel convened the Workshop on Improving Racial and Ethnic Data in Health to review information about current private-sector and state data collection practices in light of existing federal, state, and local regulations, laws, and requirements. The workshop presentations featured the perspectives of data users, health care providers, insurance plan representatives, state and local public health officials, and regulatory officials. Participants assessed policies, practices, barriers, and opportunities for collecting racial and ethnic data in their settings, and explored ways that private and state systems can be improved to address data needs. In preparation for the workshop, the panel commissioned four background papers to fill gaps in knowledge of private-sector and state government policies and practices and to address the importance of racial and ethnic data collection. The panel is also examining the role of socioeconomic status regarding health and health care disparities. However, the workshop intended to focus only on racial and ethnic data collection. The panel's final report will contain a full consideration of the collection of racial, ethnic, and socioeconomic status data.

ETHNICITY AND PRIMARY CARE

A COMPARATIVE STUDY OF DOCTOR-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP, PERCEIVED HEALTH, SYMPTOMATOLOGY AND USE OF GENERAL PRACTITIONER SERVICES BY ASIAN AND WHITE PATIENTS AND THE BRADFORD

PRIMARY HEALTH CARE FOR BLACK AND MINORITY ETHNIC PEOPLE

A GP PERSPECTIVE

MIGRATION, ETHNICITY, RACE, AND HEALTH IN MULTICULTURAL SOCIETIES

Oxford University Press First published: Ethnicity, race and health in multicultural societies, 2007.

PRIMARY HEALTHCARE AND SOUTH ASIAN POPULATIONS

MEETING THE CHALLENGES

CRC Press The UK has the fastest growing rate of obesity in Europe with one in five adults classified as being obese. The increasing incidence of obese and overweight children is of equal concern where the rates mirror those of adults. This is a practical guide for GPs practice and community nurses and other health professionals in primary care. Illustrated with case scenarios examples of good practice and practice protocols it describes how to incorporate clinical governance with best practice in preventing and managing obesity and overweight problems. The book provides templates for personal practice and professional development plans that can be used as part of GPs' revalidation portfolios. Reflective exercises at the end of each chapter help to identify learning and service needs and useful data are included on the National Obesity Forum Guidelines together with sources of information and relevant websites. Topics include effective interventions motivation and influence adult and child diets myths and co-existing medical conditions. 'What we desperately need is a reliable evidence-based workshop manual for managing obesity. This book fits the bill. Ruth Chambers and Gill Wakley have long track records for highlighting important issues in general practice. In this book they team up with experts in obesity producing a book which I suspect will develop well-thumbed pages in a short space of time.' Ian Banks in the Foreword

PRIMARY HEALTH CARE FOR BLACK AND MINORITY ETHNIC PEOPLE: A GP PERSPECTIVE

PRIMARY HEALTH CARE FOR BLACK AND ETHNIC MINORITY PEOPLE

A CONSUMER PERSPECTIVE

ETHNICITY PROFILING IN PRIMARY CARE

THE PRINCES PARK HEALTH CENTRE MODEL

THE PREVENTION OF MENTAL ILLNESS IN PRIMARY CARE

Cambridge University Press An invaluable guide for all those concerned on a daily basis with the conservation and protection of mental health.

LONG-TERM ILL HEALTH, POVERTY, AND ETHNICITY

This report presents findings from a new investigation into the experiences of individuals living with long-term ill-health and their families. New in-depth qualitative material and secondary analyses of national datasets are used to examine the ways in which long-term ill-health impacts upon poverty. A free pdf is available at www.jrf.org.uk

PRIMARY HEALTHCARE AND SOUTH ASIAN POPULATIONS

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Radcliffe Publishing The UK has the fastest growing rate of obesity in Europe with one in five adults classified as being obese. The increasing incidence of obese and overweight children is of equal concern where the rates mirror those of adults. This is a practical guide for GPs practice and community nurses and other health professionals in primary care. Illustrated with case scenarios examples of good practice and practice protocols it describes how to incorporate clinical governance with best practice in preventing and managing obesity and overweight problems. The book provides templates for personal practice and professional development plans that can be used as part of GPs' revalidation portfolios. Reflective exercises at the end of each chapter help to identify learning and service needs and useful data are included on the National Obesity Forum Guidelines together with sources of information and relevant websites. Topics include effective interventions motivation and influence adult and child diets myths and co-existing medical conditions. 'What we desperately need is a reliable evidence-based workshop manual for managing obesity. This book fits the bill. Ruth Chambers and Gill Wakley have long track records for highlighting important issues in general practice. In this book they team up with experts in obesity producing a book which I suspect will develop well-thumbed pages in a short space of time.' Ian Banks in the Foreword

ETHNICITY, RACE, AND HEALTH IN MULTICULTURAL SOCIETIES

FOUNDATIONS FOR BETTER EPIDEMIOLOGY, PUBLIC HEALTH, AND HEALTH CARE

Oxford University Press Written by Raj S. Bhopal, this book is aimed at MSc Public Health courses, and is especially relevant to those studying ethnicity and race in the health care context.

HEALTH, ETHNICITY, AND WELL-BEING

AN AFRICAN AMERICAN PERSPECTIVE

Xlibris Corporation This book speaks to those who influence the delivery of health care services to African Americans, especially policy makers, politicians, and health care providers whose attitudes and beliefs affect the extent to which provided services are effective, reliable, humane, and compassionate. In addition, the purpose is to be of use to a full range of professionals who provide education, health care, and social services for African Americans, irrespective of the program, the service, or the professional discipline. The goal is to facilitate cultural competence in health care delivery.

PRIMARY HEALTH CARE FOR ELDERLY PEOPLE FROM BLACK & MINORITY ETHNIC COMMUNITIES

Primary health care services are the foundation of the health service, and the scope of their role in health maintenance is increasing. As high consultation rates indicate, they play a particularly important role in the health care of black and minority ethnic elderly people. However, very little is known about how they fulfil this role, the issues they encounter, and how these are approached. This study shows the extent to which general practice is addressing the particular needs of elderly people from this sector of society.

GOOD PRACTICE AND QUALITY INDICATORS IN PRIMARY HEALTH CARE

HEALTH CARE FOR BLACK AND MINORITY ETHNIC PEOPLE

MENTAL HEALTH

CULTURE, RACE, AND ETHNICITY : EXECUTIVE SUMMARY : A SUPPLEMENT TO MENTAL HEALTH : A REPORT OF

THE SURGEON GENERAL

ACCESS TO PRIMARY CARE AND PREVENTATIVE HEALTH SERVICES OF MIGRANTS

Springer This salient volume surveys the state of access to primary care and preventive health services by migrants, refugees, and asylum seekers across Europe. Experts in public health and allied fields identify obstacles to healthcare interventions for migrants, including costs, legal status, health-related behaviors and beliefs, and cultural and language barriers. The book includes the latest data concerning access to specific preventive services (e.g., vaccinations, colorectal screenings), specific issues of women and sexual minorities, and the potential for health promotion in prevention. Best practices for improving access are outlined as a basis for public health and policy directives toward reducing health disparities between migrant and native populations. Among the topics covered: Access to medical examination for prevention among migrants Access and barriers to infant vaccinations, female cancer screening and colorectal screening among migrant populations Provision and policy gap between the primary and preventive care required by and the care provided to LGBTQ+ migrants, refugees, and asylum seekers. Health related lifestyles and intermediate health conditions of migrants. Quality of primary healthcare and preventive health services provided to migrants Adaptations of primary health care for migrants Access to primary health care and policies on migration and health at a time of economic crisis Dedicated to bridging research and policy gaps in this vital area, Primary Care Access and Preventive Health Services of Migrants is intended for an international audience of academics, researchers, policymakers, and practitioners in public health and related disciplines.

ASSESSING HEALTH NEEDS OF PEOPLE FROM MINORITY ETHNIC GROUPS

Royal College of Physicians

VULNERABLE POPULATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES

John Wiley & Sons An in-depth look at disparities in health and health care, fully updated for 2021 *Vulnerable Populations in the United States, 3rd Edition* provides a general framework for studying vulnerable populations and summarizes major health and health care disparities by race/ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and health insurance coverage. This updated contains the latest statistics and figures, incorporates new information related to Healthy People 2020, analyzes the latest data and trends in health and health care disparities, and provides a detailed synthesis of recent and increasingly expansive programs and initiatives to remedy these disparities. In addition, the Third Edition offers new coverage of health care reform, the "deaths of despair" (suicide, opioids, etc.), and the global primary care initiative. Based on the authors' teaching and research at the Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health

and the Keck School of Medicine of the University of Southern California, this landmark text is an important resource for students, researchers, practitioners, and policymakers for learning about vulnerable populations. The book's Web site includes instructor's materials that may be downloaded. Gain a general understanding of health and health care disparities related to race/ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and health insurance coverage Access online resources including editable PowerPoint slides, video, and more Delve into the programs and initiatives designed to remedy inequalities in health and health care, including Healthy People 2020 updates Enjoy new coverage of health care reform, the "deaths of despair" (suicide, opioids, etc.), and the global primary care initiative End of chapter revision questions and other pedagogical features make this book a valuable learning tool for anyone studying at the advanced undergraduate or graduate levels. Additionally, it will prove useful in the field for medical professionals, social and community workers, and health educators in the public sphere.

ETHNIC GROUP DATA COLLECTION IN PRIMARY CARE

PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS

ETHNICITY, HEALTH AND HEALTH CARE

UNDERSTANDING DIVERSITY, TACKLING DISADVANTAGE

John Wiley & Sons This volume considers the implications of national and international social, political, and economic realities for health and health care provision to minority ethnic groups. Addresses continuity and change in debates on ethnicity, health, and health care Considers the implications of national and international social, political, and economic realities for health and healthcare provision to minority ethnic groups Represents the experiences of settled and new minority ethnic groups, refugees, and asylum seekers across the world Includes international comparisons between Caribbean migrants to the US and UK, the provision of interpreters in general practice and the variations in uptake of disability living allowance across ethnic groups

MIGRATION AND HEALTH

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL STUDIES IN SWEDISH PRIMARY HEALTH CARE

Aims To analyse the influence of ethnicity, migration and social factors on health care utilization and health, and to ground a theory linking migration with health.

INVESTIGATING HEALTH INEQUALITY IN PRIMARY CARE SPATIAL ACCESSIBILITY AMONG RACES AND ETHNICITIES IN KING COUNTY USING A GEOSPATIAL APPROACH

Distance to healthcare providers is a significant barrier to health care access in the U.S. Healthcare utilization and disease burden have been found to increase as the distance between patients and primary care physicians increase. Although spatial accessibility to primary care resources has been studied using different methods in recent decades, few studies have addressed disparities such accessibility among races/ethnicities. Therefore, we used Enhanced Two-Step Floating Catchment Area (E2SFCA), a gravity-based model that measures spatial accessibility by combining distance decay concept within a certain catchment, 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year estimates, and primary care physician data to assess the variation of spatial accessibility among races/ethnicities to primary care in King County, Washington. We observed regional differences for spatial accessibility across census tracts. Most census tracts in King County had poorer spatial accessibility than the average. In addition, race/ethnicity of the population and spatial accessibility to primary care physicians was found to be weakly associated to one another. Non-Hispanic Asians had better spatial accessibility, whereas Hispanic and non-Hispanic Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander populations had less accessibility to primary care providers than people of other races/ethnicities. Area configuration of healthcare resources and improvement targeting of racial/ethnic minorities can help reduce the disparities in spatial accessibility to care.

MENTAL HEALTH

CULTURE, RACE, AND ETHNICITY : EXECUTIVE SUMMARY : A SUPPLEMENT TO MENTAL HEALTH : A REPORT OF THE SURGEON GENERAL

REFUGEE, MIGRANT AND ETHNIC MINORITY HEALTH

MDPI International migration, particularly to Europe, has increased in the last few decades, making research on aspects of this phenomenon, including numbers, challenges, and successes, particularly vital. This Special Issue highlights this necessary and relevant area of research. It presents 37 articles including studies on diverse topics relating to the health of refugees and migrants. Most articles (28) present studies focusing on European host countries. The focus on Europe is justified if we take into consideration the increased number of refugees and migrants who have come to Europe in recent years. However, there are also articles which present studies from countries in other continents. The topics discussed in the Issue include healthcare utilization, infectious diseases, mother and child health, mental health, and chronic diseases. Finding from the included articles indicate that further development of

guidelines and policies at both local and international levels is needed. Priorities must be set by encouraging and funding in-depth research that aims to evaluate the impact of existing policies and interventions. Such research will help us formulate recommendations for the development of strategies and approaches that improve and strengthen the integration of migrants and refugees into the host countries.

PRIMARY CARE MENTAL HEALTH

Cambridge University Press Around ninety per cent of all patients with mental health problems are managed solely in primary care, including thirty-fifty per cent of all those with serious mental illness. Primary care plays an increasingly essential role in developing and delivering mental health services, and in the wellbeing of communities. In this book, internationally respected authors provide both a conceptual background and practical advice for primary care clinicians and specialist mental health professionals liaising with primary care. Clinical, policy and professional issues, such as working effectively at the interface between services, are addressed - with a key focus on patient and service user experience. Following the highly successful first edition, which was awarded first prize at the BMA Medical Book Awards in the category of Primary Health Care, this fully updated volume includes new chapters on mental health and long-term physical conditions, prison populations, improving access to care and public mental health.

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DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION IN QUALITY PATIENT CARE

Springer No other hospital department cares for patients as diverse as those who come to the Emergency Department (ED). These patients encompass all stages and positions of life and health. Many belong to distinct minority cultures defined by the patient's sexual orientation and gender identity, disability, spirituality, language, race, and ethnicity. It has been well documented that minorities experience inadequate emergency treatment and face poorer healthcare outcomes. Furthermore, research has established that the elderly, ethnic minorities, the poor, and persons with Medicaid coverage are more likely than other people to utilize the emergency department rather than primary care services. With the passage of the Affordable Care Act, particularly the Medicaid expansion, EDs across the United States are poised to care for an unprecedented number of underserved minorities. The need to equip emergency healthcare professionals to practice medicine that is culturally competent in the broadest possible sense has never been greater. Diversity and Inclusion in Quality Patient Care aims to fill this need.

CRITICAL PERSPECTIVES ON RACIAL AND ETHNIC DIFFERENCES IN HEALTH IN LATE LIFE

National Academies Press In their later years, Americans of different racial and ethnic backgrounds are not in equally good--or equally poor--health. There is wide variation, but on average older Whites are healthier than older Blacks and tend to outlive them. But Whites tend to be in poorer health than Hispanics and Asian Americans. This volume documents the differentials and considers possible explanations. Selection processes play a role: selective migration, for instance, or selective survival to advanced ages. Health differentials originate early in life, possibly even before birth, and are affected by events and experiences throughout the life course. Differences in socioeconomic status, risk behavior, social relations, and health care all play a role. Separate chapters consider the contribution of such factors and the biopsychosocial mechanisms that link them to health. This volume provides the empirical evidence for the research agenda provided in the separate report of the Panel on Race, Ethnicity, and Health in Later Life.

CONFERENCE PAPERS: COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION IN PRIMARY CARE (27 JUNE 2007)

Combat Poverty Agency

RESEARCH INTO THE UPTAKE OF MATERNITY SERVICES AS PROVIDED BY PRIMARY HEALTH CARE TEAMS TO WOMEN FROM BLACK AND ETHNIC MINORITIES

ATTITUDES AND BELIEFS REGARDING THE COLLECTION OF RACE, ETHNICITY AND PRIMARY LANGUAGE INFORMATION IN HEALTHCARE SETTINGS

PRACTICING PRIMARY HEALTH CARE IN NURSING: CARING FOR POPULATIONS

Jones & Bartlett Publishers Practicing Primary Health Care in Nursing: Caring for Populations is a new innovative text examines the broad definition of “primary health care”, and incorporating a nursing perspective with a global and population-based focus. This book presents the enduring relationship that nurses have had in pioneering primary health care with a population-based, inter-intra/professional, and global perspective. Important Notice: the digital edition of this book is missing some of the images or content found in the physical edition.”.