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## **KEY=NO - GRETCHEN SAMIR**

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## **KENYA RECONSTRUCTING?**

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## **BUILDING BRIDGES OF PEACE : POST-CONFLICT TRANSFORMATION PROCESSES AS HUMAN SECURITY MECHANISMS**

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LIT Verlag Münster This volume is a product of empirical rich and theoretically thought generating material collected over a one year field research undertaken in 2001-2002, in the Kenyan Rift Valley. Focusing on the strategies of women coping with displacement and trying to make their new places their home, Dr. Achieng' adopts a multi-local, agency and actor-centred approach and thus brilliantly shows how, by economic and social networking and by creating new sets of meaning, these women reconstruct and reconnect the places they were driven from, to the places they now live and work in. A former programmes manager at the Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA), Dr. Achieng' is currently in charge of developing the academic and research components of the sociology section of the School of Social Sciences, Monash South Africa

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## **RE-DISTRIBUTION FROM ABOVE**

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## **THE POLITICS OF LAND RIGHTS AND SQUATTING IN COASTAL KENYA**

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Nordic Africa Institute Using empirical evidence from the coastal district of Kenya, an area with a long history of private land owner-ship, this report challenges the key assumptions of the proponents of land individualization. The author points to the many dysfunctionalities associated with land privatization, and reinforces the growing critique that customary land tenure is far more complex and flexible than its critics are prepared to concede.

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## **INDIGENOUS PEOPLE IN AFRICA**

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## **CONTESTATIONS, EMPOWERMENT AND GROUP RIGHTS**

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Africa Institute of South Africa This volume is an attempt to provide this intersectional and reflexive space. The thinking behind the book began in Lamu in mid-2010. It was a time when growing community resistance emerged towards the Kenyan government's plan to build a second seaport under a trans-frontier infrastructural project known as the Lamu Port- South Sudan-Ethiopia Transport Corridor (LAPSSET). The editors agreed that a book that draws community activists, academics, researchers and policy makers into a discussion of the predicament of indigenous rights and development against the backdrop of the Endorois case was timely and needed. Assembled here are the original contributions of some of the leading contemporary thinkers in the area of indigenous and human rights in Africa. The book is an interdisciplinary effort with the single purpose of thinking through indigenous rights after the Endorois case but it is not a singular laudatory remark on indigenous life in Africa. The discussion begins by framing indigenous rights and claims to indigeneity as found in the Endorois decision and its related socio-political history. Subsequent chapters provide deeper contextual analysis by evaluating the tense relationship between indigenous peoples and the post-colonial nation-state. Overall, the book makes a peering and provocative contribution to the relational interests between

state policies and the developmental intersections of indigeneity, indigenous rights, gender advocacy, environmental conservation, chronic trauma and transitional justice.

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### **THE CHANGING FORMS OF IDENTITY POLITICS IN NIGERIA UNDER ECONOMIC ADJUSTMENT**

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#### **THE CASE OF THE OIL MINORITIES MOVEMENT OF THE NIGER DELTA**

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Nordic Africa Institute "The Niger delta region of Nigeria which is at the heart of the country's oil industry, has a long history of struggles for self-determination dating back to the early years of the 20<sup>th</sup> century. In the 1980s and 1990s, these struggles, unfolding as they did within the context of military authoritarianism and structural adjustment, took the form of widespread agitation for greater control by local communities of the revenues accruing to the Nigerian state from exploration and extraction of oil." "This study attempts to capture the transformations in ethnic minority identity politics in the oil-producing areas of the Niger delta. In doing this, attention is simultaneously drawn to the factors informing the shift from peaceful agitation to violent protest as well as the dynamic of decay and renewal in the various ethnic minority movements that are active in the delta. It is suggested that part of the solution to the crisis in the delta will involve not only a thorough-going restructuring of the Nigerian state but also the re-orientation of the mode of operation of the giant oil multinationals in order to make them both more sensitive and accountable to the local communities."--BOOK JACKET.Title Summary field provided by Blackwell North America, Inc. All Rights Reserved

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### **NEGOTIATING MODERNITY**

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#### **AFRICA'S AMBIVALENT EXPERIENCE**

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Zed Books An examination of Africa's experience of modernity which draws out its wider implications for social theory

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### **ASIAN TIGERS, AFRICAN LIONS**

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#### **COMPARING THE DEVELOPMENT PERFORMANCE OF SOUTHEAST ASIA AND AFRICA**

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BRILL Asian Tigers, African Lions is an anthology of contributions by scholars and (former) diplomats related to the 'Tracking Development' research project, funded by the Netherlands Ministry of Foreign Affairs, and coordinated by the African Studies Centre and KITLV, both in Leiden, in collaboration with scholars based in Africa and Asia. The project compared the performance of growth and development of four pairs of countries in Southeast Asia and Sub-Saharan Africa during the last sixty years. It tried to answer the question how two regions with comparable levels of income per capita in the 1950s could diverge so rapidly. Why are there so many Asian tigers and not yet so many African lions? What could Africa learn from Southeast Asian development trajectories?

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### **LAND, LABOUR AND THE FAMILY IN SOUTHERN GHANA**

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#### **A CRITIQUE OF LAND POLICY UNDER NEO-LIBERALISATION**

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Nordic Africa Institute This report is based on field work carried out in the Akyem Abuakwa area of the forest region of Ghana, a section of the country rich in agricultural land, gold, and diamonds. Through the field work which was undertaken and the empirical material generated, the author attempts to chart the processes and patterns of differentiation connected to land and land use in contemporary Ghana.

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### **WOMEN INFORMAL TRADERS IN HARARE AND THE STRUGGLE FOR SURVIVAL IN AN ENVIRONMENT OF ECONOMIC REFORMS**

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Nordic Africa Institute This report summarizes the results of the fourth and final round of interviews carried out among informal sector women traders in Harare, Zimbabwe as part of a longitudinal study of their conditions of work and livelihood in the context of economic crisis and structural adjustment.

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### **LAND IN THE STRUGGLES FOR CITIZENSHIP IN AFRICA**

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CODESRIA The variety of land questions facing Africa and the divergent strategies proposed to resolve them continue to evoke debates. Increasingly, in response to the enduring

problems of land tenure, there are land movements of all shapes and orientations, some reformist and others quite revolutionary in their agenda. However revolutionary, land movements have tended to ignore the land tenure interests of women, pastoralists, youth and indigenous people. Several of these longstanding and emerging issues in land tenure include the role of the state in land tenure reforms; urban land questions, the nature of land struggles and improvements; and, the impact of land tenure developments on particular social groups and countries. An overarching concern is the extent to which land rights are being commodified, through the conversion of land held under customary tenure systems into marketised systems. The consequences of this include growing land concentration, land tenure insecurities, diminishing access to land by various sections of society, including the poor, women and less dominant ethno-religious groups. This volume brings together different studies on Africa's land questions exploring emerging land issues on the continent in terms of the wider questions of development, citizenship, and democratisation. The chapters discuss the land question through a variety of themes. Some focus on the agrarian aspects of the land questions, while others elucidate the urban dimensions of the land question.

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#### **ILCA ANNUAL PROGRAMME REPORT 1994**

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ILRI (aka ILCA and ILRAD)

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#### **CONTEMPORARY PERSPECTIVES ON AFRICAN MORAL ECONOMY**

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African Books Collective The topic of African moral economy was first raised by Goran Hyden in 1980 as one of the main obstacles to economic transformation of the African peasantry. The suggestion caused serious academic debates between the proposer and other scholars on African societies, especially those using political economy as the framework of their analysis. But Hyden continued to defend his thesis until interest in the debate faded out. More recently Japanese scholars have taken up the topic as it appears to have new relevance in comparison with the fast transformations which have taken place in Southeast Asian rural communities. The focus of this book is to give a detailed comparison between African rural communities and those of Southeastern Asia. Attention is focused on the two main aspects of African peasantry life: the right to subsistence and the norm of reciprocity. A wide interdisciplinary approach is employed to demonstrate the dynamism displayed by these societies.

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#### **COASTAL POLLUTION**

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**HEARINGS BEFORE THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON WATER RESOURCES OF THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, ONE HUNDRED FIRST CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION, MAY 9, 10, 1990**

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#### **AS CLIMATE CHANGES**

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#### **INTERNATIONAL IMPACTS AND IMPLICATIONS**

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Cambridge University Press The studies focus on the impacts of climate change in the developing countries around the world.

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#### **THE IMPACT OF HIV/AIDS ON LAND RIGHTS**

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#### **CASE STUDIES FROM KENYA**

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Human Sciences Research Council This study involves investigation of the link between HIV/AIDS and land tenure in three rural sites in Kenya.

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#### **KENYA**

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#### **A HISTORY SINCE INDEPENDENCE**

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Bloomsbury Publishing Since independence from Great Britain in 1963, Kenya has survived five decades as a functioning nation-state, holding regular elections; its borders and political system intact and avoiding open war with its neighbours and military rule internally. It has been a favoured site for Western aid, trade, investment and tourism and has remained a close security partner for Western governments. However, Kenya's successive governments have failed to achieve adequate living conditions for most of its citizens;

violence, corruption and tribalism have been ever-present, and its politics have failed to transcend its history. The decisions of the early years of independence and the acts of its leaders in the decades since have changed the country's path in unpredictable ways, but key themes of conflicts remain: over land, money, power, economic policy, national autonomy and the distribution of resources between classes and communities. While the country's political institutions have remained stable, the nation has changed, its population increasing nearly five-fold in five decades. But the economic and political elite's struggle for state resources and the exploitation of ethnicity for political purposes still threaten the country's existence. Today, Kenyans are arguing over many of the issues that divided them 50 years ago. The new constitution promulgated in 2010 provides an opportunity for national renewal, but it must confront a heavy legacy of history. This book reveals that history.

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### **WORLD ATLAS OF SEAGRASSES**

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Univ of California Press Seagrasses are a vital and widespread but often overlooked coastal marine habitat. This volume provides a global survey of their distribution and conservation status.

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### **AGRICULTURAL LAND REDISTRIBUTION**

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### **TOWARD GREATER CONSENSUS**

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World Bank Publications Despite 250 years of land reform all over the World, important land inequalities remain, especially in Latin America and Southern Africa. While in these countries, there is near consensus on the need for redistribution, much controversy persists around how to redistribute land peacefully and legally, often blocking progress on implementation. This book focuses on the "how" of land redistribution in order to forge greater consensus among land reform practitioners and enable them to make better choices on the mechanisms of land reform. Reviews and case studies describe and analyze the al.

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### **WOMEN, LAND RIGHTS AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT**

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### **HOW MUCH LAND DOES A WOMAN NEED?**

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Routledge The failure to include gender in the economic history of rural development has severely limited our understanding of privatizing, collectivist and colonial economic policies that disrupted and transformed the lives of rural women and men in the modern world. This book is unique in its focus on female economic agency, and in its exploration of the latter virtue in comparative historical perspective. It presents the apparently disparate cases of 17th-century England, 20th-century Russia and the Soviet Union, and 20th-century Kenya, as their top-down modernization projects were implemented in similar fashion --particularly in the case of women. The female half of the population was largely absent from contemporary economic databases, but nevertheless stereotyped as obstacles to rational economic decision-making. Introducing rural women and their innovations into male-centered narratives of economic history lays the foundation for a more demographically balanced and realistic understanding of rural behavior and rural development. In this study, women's labor and land claims are the lens through which both female agency and the delegitimizing of women's land claims become more visible. Both policy-makers and their leading critics deployed virtually identical language to describe backward, unruly and invariably "unsightly" peasant women.

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### **UNDERSTANDING CIVIL WAR: AFRICA**

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World Bank Publications This publication is part of a two volume set which builds upon previous World Bank research into the causes and characteristics of civil war onset, particularly the model developed by Paul Collier and Anke Hoeffler regarding the relationship between violent political conflict and economic development. This volume considers the variables identified in the Collier-Hoeffler model and applies them to a set of case studies from a range of African countries, and then goes on to trace the process of conflict escalation in order to draw conclusions as to why civil war is likely to occur. The publication seeks to advance theoretical and empirical knowledge of civil war, in order to help further the objective of developing appropriate policy interventions. Another volume with case studies from a range of non-African countries is available separately (ISBN 0821360493).

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**INTERNATIONAL PERSPECTIVES ON ENVIRONMENT, DEVELOPMENT, AND HEALTH**

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**TOWARD A SUSTAINABLE WORLD : A COLLABORATIVE INITIATIVE OF THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION, THE UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME, AND THE ROCKEFELLER FOUNDATION**

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Springer Publishing Company A collaborative initiative of the World Health Organization, the United Nations Development Programme, and the Rockefeller Foundation, this comprehensive text covers the extensive health concerns related to environment and development. The book systematically explores each topic through a conceptual framework, a review of approaches and methodologies, and a look at policy considerations. A selection of international case studies and a presentation of specific diverse opinions and perspectives are also conveyed, ending with an outline for research and intervention priorities.

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**CONFLICTOLOGY**

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**SYSTEMS, INSTITUTIONS, AND MECHANISMS IN AFRICA**

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Lexington Books Over the past three decades scholars, students and policy makers studying and engaged in conflict resolution have veered between conflict management and resolution. However, the changing nature of conflict, which is taking the form of radicalization and extremism are deeply rooted in individual's ideology, personalities and genes, hence, rendering the conventional macro-level power balance analytics obsolete. The psychology and human genetics are at the center of this evolution. This shift in conflict trends and methods of warfare in Africa and the world over demands that we search for alternative approaches, mechanisms, and innovative response. It is against this background that this new book initiates a fundamental debate on how interdisciplinary adventure could increase the understanding off man-kind and the socio-biological systems surrounding man, hence, the emphasis on the discispline of Conflictology to embody scientific approaches, methods and prescription to conflict resolution. For instance, does individual's gene influence human behaviours, such as "hate"? If so, can this be corrected through gene transposition? If human relations should be anchored on "peace", what are these genetic and behavioural factors that creat "hate" and "violence"? How then, should such a gene or neurobiological system be altered in order to prevent extremism and radicalization?

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**NATIONAL UNION CATALOG**

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Includes entries for maps and atlases.

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**ROAD FROM KYOTO**

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**HEARING BEFORE THE COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE, U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, ONE HUNDRED FIFTH CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION**

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**THE RV DR FRIDTJOF NANSEN IN THE WESTERN INDIAN OCEAN**

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**VOYAGES OF MARINE RESEARCH AND CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT**

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Food & Agriculture Org. This publication narrates the voyages of the iconic Norwegian research ship and documents marine research in the Western Indian Ocean, from early exploratory surveys to the current ecosystem surveys undertaken to support fisheries management. It provides a rare glimpse into the realities of conducting research at sea and evaluates the impact of the Nansen programme.

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**ESTUARIES: A LIFELINE OF ECOSYSTEM SERVICES IN THE WESTERN INDIAN OCEAN**

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Springer This book provides recent environmental, ecological and hydrodynamic information for the major estuaries and the coastal marine systems of the Western Indian Ocean Region. It covers various functions and values of the region's estuarine ecosystems and their respective habitats, including the land/ocean interactions that define and impact ecosystem services. The Western Indian Ocean region covered by this volume consists of the continental coastal states of Kenya, Mozambique, South Africa and Tanzania and the island states of Madagascar, Mauritius, Seychelles and Comoros.

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## **RESEARCH HANDBOOK ON INTERNATIONAL LAW AND MIGRATION**

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Edward Elgar Publishing Migration is a complex and multifaceted issue, and the current legal framework suffers from considerable ambiguity and lack of cohesive focus. This Handbook offers a comprehensive take on the intersection of law and migration studies and provides strat

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## **CONSERVATION OF BIODIVERSITY IN AFRICA**

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### **LOCAL INITIATIVES AND INSTITUTIONAL ROLES : PROCEEDINGS OF THE CONFERENCE HELD AT THE NATIONAL MUSEUMS OF KENYA, 30 AUGUST-3 SEPTEMBER, 1992**

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Presents 25 papers taken from an international conference held at the National Museums of Kenya, Nairobi, 1992. Contents include: biodiversity in Africa: past and present; indigenous knowledge systems; current approaches to biodiversity conservation; investing for the future: education and training in biodiversity conservation; and management and use of of biodiversity data.

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## **CORAL REEFS OF THE GULF**

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### **ADAPTATION TO CLIMATIC EXTREMES**

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Springer Science & Business Media Coral Reefs of the Gulf: Adaptation to Climatic Extremes is a complete review and reference for scientists, engineers and students concerned with the geology, biology or engineering aspects of coral reefs in the Middle East. It provides for the first time a complete review of both the geology and biology of all extant coral areas in the Gulf, the water body between Iran and the Arabian Peninsula. In summer, this area is the hottest sea with abundant coral growth on earth and already today exhibits a temperature that is predicted to occur across the topical ocean in 2100. Thus, by studying the Gulf today, much can be learned about tomorrow's world and the capability of coral reefs to adapt to climatic extremes. This volume provides the most authoritative and up-to-date review of the coral reefs in the Gulf. It can be used as a volume of general reference or as a textbook treating recent coral reefs. Written by local and international experts, the text is richly illustrated and will remain a standard reference for the region for decades to come. Contributions stretch from climatology through geology, biology, ecological modelling and fisheries science to practical conservation aspects. The book is useful for the technical expert and casual reader alike.

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## **BIBLIOGRAPHY OF AGRICULTURE**

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## **RESOURCES IN EDUCATION**

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## **UNDERWATER TECHNOLOGY**

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## **A.I.D. ECONOMIC DATA BOOK**

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## **AFRICA**

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### **NATURAL CLIMATE VARIABILITY ON DECADE-TO-CENTURY TIME SCALES**

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National Academies Press This volume reflects the current state of scientific knowledge about natural climate variability on decade-to-century time scales. It covers a wide range of relevant subjects, including the characteristics of the atmosphere and ocean environments as well as the methods used to describe and analyze them, such as proxy data and numerical models. They clearly demonstrate the range, persistence, and magnitude of climate variability as represented by many different indicators. Not only do natural climate variations have important socioeconomic effects, but they must be better understood before possible anthropogenic effects (from greenhouse gas emissions, for instance) can be evaluated. A topical essay introduces each of the disciplines represented, providing the nonscientist with a perspective on the field and linking the papers to the larger issues in climate research. In its conclusions section, the book evaluates progress in the different areas and makes recommendations for the direction and conduct of future climate research.

This book, while consisting of technical papers, is also accessible to the interested layperson.

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### **TERRORISM IN KENYA AND UGANDA**

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### **RADICALIZATION FROM A POLITICAL SOCIALIZATION PERSPECTIVE**

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Lexington Books This book examines factors facilitating recruitment and radicalization in four organizations in Kenya and Uganda. It considers issues such as the need to belong, religious and ethnic identity, and socioeconomic (education, unemployment) and political circumstances of individuals influenced and radicalized by these organizations.

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### **TRANSITIONS IN FOREST CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT IN KENYA**

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Exceller Books The book provides a historical account of changes in direction of forest conservation and management in Kenya. Chapter one covers forestry practice in the period when Kenya was a colony of the British empire. The chapter highlights the contributions and influences made by British forestry personnel. Chapter two covers the period of rapid expansion of industrial forest plantations from independence to mid-1980s. Chapter three covers the uptake of tree growing and forest conservation by conservation groups and by farming communities. Chapter four covers period of rapid decline in effective management of forests and increased forest destruction. Chapter five presents some outstanding challenges for the current forestry regime. Chapter six covers new and emerging areas forestry R&D.

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### **CANADIAN PERIODICAL INDEX**

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### **ROAD FROM KYOTO: KYOTO AND THE ADMINISTRATION'S FISCAL YEAR 1999 BUDGET REQUEST**

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### **RESEARCH REPORTS - NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC SOCIETY**

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### **AFRICA ENVIRONMENT OUTLOOK 2**

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### **OUR ENVIRONMENT, OUR WEALTH**

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UNEP/Earthprint This is the second comprehensive report on the state of Africa's environment, produced in collaboration with the African Ministerial Conference on the Environment (AMCEN). This report highlights the central position Africa's environment continues to play in sustainable development, as well as its potential to achieve progress in the implementation of the Millennium Development Goals. The report profiles Africa's environmental resources as an asset for the continent's development. It highlights the opportunities presented by the region's natural resource base to support the continent's development. It also underscores the concept of sustainable livelihoods, and the importance of the environmental initiatives in supporting them.

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### **CORAL REEFS OF THE WORLD: INDIAN OCEAN, RED SEA AND GULF**

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